## PRE-CALCULUS 11

QUADRATIC EQUATIONS

## FACTORING POLYNOMIALS PART 2

## A. Factoring Polynomial

Factor the following.

Tu Solve
a) Replace the expression with a simple variable

1) $(x-5)^{2}+3(x-5)-18$

$$
m=(x-5)
$$

b) Factor the polynomial
$a^{m^{2}}+3 m-18$
$(m+6)(m-3)$
$((x-5)+6)((x-5)-3)$
$(x-5+6)(x-5-3)$
$(x+1)(x-8)$
2) $32(x+2)^{2}-18(2 y-3)^{2}$
$m=(x+2) \quad n=(2 y-3)$
$32 m^{2}-18 n^{2}$
$2\left(16 m^{2}-9 n^{2}\right)$
$2(4 m+3 n)(4 m-3 n)$
$2\left(4\left(x^{2}+2\right)+3(2 y-3)\left(4\left(x^{2}+2\right)-3(2 y-3)\right)\right.$
$2(4 x+8+6 y-9)(4 x+8-6 y+9)$
$2(4 x+6 y-1)(4 x-6 y+17)$
c) Replace the simple variable with the expression and solve.
3) $4(x+3)^{2}-7(x+3)+3$

$m=(x+3)$
$4 m^{2}-7 m+3$
$\left(m-\frac{4}{4}\right)\left(m-\frac{3}{4}\right)$
$(m-1)(4 m-3)$
$((x+3)-1)(4(x+3)-3)$.
$(x+3-1)(4 x+12-3)$
$(x+2)(4 x+9)$
4) $x^{2}+1.4 x-1.2$


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 4) } x^{2}+1.4 x-1.2 \\
& 0.1\left(10 x^{2}+14 x-12\right) \\
& 2\left(5 x^{2}+7 x-6\right) \\
& 0.2\left(5 x^{2}+7 x-6\right) \\
& \left(x+\frac{10}{5}\right)\left(x-\frac{3}{5}\right) \\
& 0.2(x+2)(5 x-3)
\end{aligned}
$$

Take out the GCF first

©) ${ }_{4}^{26}(4$

$$
\text { 5) } \begin{aligned}
& x^{2}+\frac{11}{2} x+7 \\
& \frac{1}{2}\left(2 x^{2}+11 x+14\right) \\
&\left(2 x^{2}+7 x\right)(+4 x+14) \\
& x(2 x+7)+2\left(\frac{2 x+7}{6}\right) \\
& \frac{1}{2}(x+2)(2 x+7)
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 6) } \frac{1}{3} x^{2}-\frac{3}{4} y^{2} \\
& \frac{1}{12}\left(4 x^{2}-9 y^{2}\right) \\
& \frac{1}{12}(2 x+3 y)(2 x-3 y)
\end{aligned}
$$

